14/3/7016

الاشيم

1-05.3

فاضرة لحا

for 2nd order, and routh for higher orders

Report: $GH(2) = \frac{k(2-0.2)}{(7-1)(7+0.6)^2}$

using - bilinear method (routh)

- Tury Test bie ever plus pet in to well of

* Root Locus

Stability

Orelative Stability

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(GM, PM are stability indicators)

- Bode Diagram

- polar plot

- Nyquist

@ absolute Stability

- routh (bilinear transf.)

- Jury test

Stable planstable unstable Critically Stable

Stability

O Graphical Methods

- root Locus

- Bode Diagram

- polar plot

- Nyquist

@ Algebric Methods

- Jury test

- Routh array

(using bilinear transformation)

Ex1: GH(7) -
$$(1-7)^2 \Rightarrow (1-7)^2 = (7-1)^2$$
-Draw the root Locus and Lind the critical value

$$\frac{2}{3-0} = \frac{(2L+1)180}{(2L+1)180} = \frac{3}{1}$$
Sheaking points:

Real
$$k=0$$
, 1 , 2 , 3 .

-
$$Ch. eq.$$
 $1+\overline{GH(z)}=c$ \Rightarrow $1+k(z-1)/(z-1)^2$

$$-\frac{(5-1)_{5}}{(5+1)} = -1 \implies K = -\frac{(5-1)_{5}}{(5+1)}$$

$$-\frac{dz}{dz} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{dK}{dz} = -\left[\frac{(z+1)(zz-z)-(z-1)^{2}(1)}{(z+1)^{2}}\right] = 0$$

$$z^2 + z^2 - 3 = 0 \implies (z - 1)(z + 3) = 0$$

K at
$$2=-3=\frac{-(-3-1)^2}{(-3+1)}=8$$
 $r = \frac{1-(-3)}{2}=2$
 $C = 1-r = 1-2=-1$

The values of circle, $C = \text{Center}$ of circle

 $K \in \mathbb{Z}_{+}$. Unstable $f = \text{Center}$ of circle

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$$= \frac{K}{4} \left[\frac{2 T}{(z-1)} - 1 + \frac{7}{2 - e^{2T}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{K}{4} \left[\frac{2 T (2 - e^{2T}) - (2 - 1)(2 - e^{2T}) + (2 - 1)^{2}}{(2 - 1)(2 - e^{2T})} + \frac{(2 - 1)^{2}}{(2 - 1)(2 - e^{2T})} \right]$$

$$= \frac{K}{4} \left[\frac{(2T - 1 + e^{-2T}) 7 + (1 - 2Te^{2T} - e^{2T})}{(2 - 1)(2 - e^{2T})} \right]$$

at
$$T = 3$$
 sec $\Rightarrow e^{-2T} = e^{-6} = 0.0025 \approx 0$

$$GH(7) = \frac{K}{4} \qquad \frac{57}{7} = \frac{5}{7} \times \frac{7}{7} \times \frac{7}{$$

root Locus !-

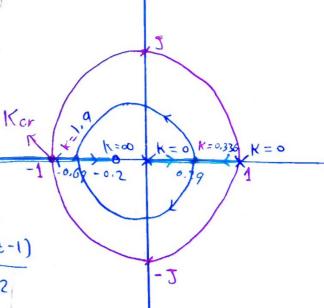
Opoles:
$$n_p = 2 \longrightarrow 0,1$$

zeros: $n_2 = 1 \longrightarrow -0.2$

2 Z-plane

- 3 real part -> 0:1
- @ Asymptotes -> no need for it
- (5) Breaking points Ch. egn => 1+GH(7)=0

$$1+ \frac{K'(2+0.2)}{2(2-1)} \Rightarrow K' = \frac{-2(2-1)}{2+0.2}$$



$$\frac{dK'}{d7} = 0 \implies -\frac{(7+0.2)(27-1)(-7(7-1)(1))}{(7+0.2)^2} = 0$$

$$(7+0.2)(27-1) - 7^2 + 7 = 0$$

$$7^2 + 0.47 - 0.7 = 0 \implies 2_{1,2} = 0.29, -0.69$$
Breaking Points Breakaway at $7 = 0.29$

$$K' = -\frac{7(7-1)}{7+0.2} = 0.42 = 1.75K$$

$$K = 0.336$$

$$7=0.29$$

$$K' = -\frac{7(7-1)}{7+0.2} = 2.38 = 1.75K$$

$$R = \frac{2.38}{1.75} = 1.9$$

$$V = 0.49$$

$$C = -0.2$$

system is stable for ock < Ker الارم المعنوب أطوال لـ coros على مفتروب أطوال لـ coros

=> continue

$$\mathbb{O} \ k' = \frac{\pi \, Poles}{\pi \, Reros} = \frac{\Gamma_{P_1} \, \Gamma_{P_2}}{\Gamma_{Q_1}}$$

$$K' = \frac{1 * 2}{0.8} = 2.5$$

$$K' = 1.25 \, k = 1.25 \, k = 2.5$$

$$K_{cr}^{l} = -\left[\frac{-(-1-1)}{-1+0.2}\right] = 2.5 \Rightarrow K_{cr} = 2$$

$$GH(z) = \frac{K}{4} \left[\frac{0.25 \, 21 - 0.19}{(2 - 0.45)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{K}{16} \left[\frac{2 + \frac{0.19}{0.25}}{(2 - 1)(2 - 0.45)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{K}{16} \left[\frac{2 + 0.76}{(2 - 1)(2 - 0.45)} \right]$$

=
$$K' \left[\frac{2 + 0.76}{(2 - 0.45)} \right]$$
; $K' = \frac{K}{16}$

- (1) poles: np=2 => 0.45,1
 - Zeros: Nz=1 => -0.76
- (2) 2-plane
- r=0.7+2.22 = 1,46 ic=0.7

Imag

- (3) Asymptotes _s no need
- 4 Breaking points

$$(7-1)(7-0.45) = 0$$

$$\frac{qs}{qk_{i}} = 0 \Rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{dK'}{dz} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{7^2 + 1.52z = 0}{1.55z = 0}$$

Breaking points:

$$K' = -\left[\frac{(2-1)(2-0.45)}{(2+0.76)}\right] = 0.05137 = \frac{K}{16}$$

$$0.05137 = \frac{K}{16}$$

$$K' = -\left[\frac{(2-1)(7-0.45)}{(2+0.76)}\right] = 5.888 = \frac{K}{16}$$

$$* K_{cr}^{\prime} = \frac{L_1 L_2}{L_3}$$

$$\frac{(7-1)(7-0.45)}{(7-1)(7-0.45)} = 0 \implies (7-1)(7-0.45) + K'(7+0.76) = 0$$

$$0 < \frac{16}{16} < 0.7237 \Rightarrow 0 < 1 < 11.578$$

$$(X-X_0)^2 + (y-y_0)^2 = Y^2$$

$$x_s + a_s = 1$$

(x,y)

$$1 = 2.1316$$

The critical gain K' at 7 = 0.364 + j 6.931Find with the proof of the pro